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1985(昭和 60) ● 日本縦貫光ファイバケーブル伝送路開通 (旭川 - 鹿児島間 3,400km)
◇ 国際科学技術博覧会つくば '85 開催
● INS 通信網基本計画策定
● 日本電信電話株式会社 (NTT) 発足 (4 月 1 日)
● 電気通信事業への参入自由化
● 端末設備の自由化
● ショルダホン (車外利用型自動車電話) サービス開始
● <フリーダイヤル 0120>のサービス開始
● 本仕 D70 形ディジタル交換機の導入開始

1986(昭和 61) ● 本仕 D60 形ディジタル交換機の導入開始
● 航空機公衆電話サービス開始
● 伝言ダイヤル通話サービス開始
◇ ソ連のチェルノブイリ原子力発電所で大規模な事故発生

1987(昭和 62) ● 携帯電話通話サービス開始

1988(昭和 63) ● 通信衛星<さくら 3 号 a>の打ち上げ
● INS ネット 64 サービス開始
○ 大西洋横断海底光ケーブル敷設

1989(平成 1) ● INS ネット 1500 サービス開始
● 情報料回収代行サービス (ダイヤル Q2) 開始
○ 太平洋横断海底光ケーブル敷設
◇ <ベルリンの壁>崩壊

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1990(平成 2) ● クレジット通話用カード<NTT カード C>サービス開始
● INS-P サービス開始

1991(平成 3) ◇ 湾岸戦争おこる
● 世界最軽量携帯電話<mova(ムーバ)>サービス開始
● <NTT 地球環境憲章>制定

1993(平成 5) ○ アメリカで<情報スーパーハイウェイ構想>提唱

1994(平成 6) ● メンバーズネットのサービス開始
● マルチメディア通信の共同利用実験開始
● 新世代通信網パイロットモデル事業 (けいはんな) 実施

1995(平成 7) ◇ 阪神・淡路大震災発生 (電気通信設備の被害甚大)
● 全国の交換機の SPC(蓄積プログラム制御方式) 化完了
● PHS サービス開始
● 深夜時間帯に限った定額料金通話サービス<テレホーダイ>開始
● 通信衛星<N-STARa>打ち上げ
● セルリレーサービス開始

1996(平成 8) ● 公衆網と専用線との接続の完全自由化
● 新ノードシステム (NS8000 シリーズ) を適用した PHS サービス開始
● OCN サービス開始

1997(平成 9) ● ATM メガリンクサービス開始
● アジア マルチメディア フォーラム設立
● ナンバー ディスプレイ、ナンバー アナウンスのサービス開始
● 国内通信網のディジタル化完了
● この頃、日本におけるインターネット利用人口が急増

1998(平成 10) ● 新光アクセスシステム (πシステム) のサービス開始
● 災害用伝言ダイヤルサービス開始
● マルチメディアホン<テレッセ>の販売開始

1999(平成 11) ● 携帯電話によるマルチメディア情報サービス<i モード>のサービス開始
● IC カード公衆電話機の導入
● NTT 再編成

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1985 ● An optical fiber cable transmission network throughout Japan (3,400 km from Asahikawa to Kagoshima) was established.
◇ The International Science and Technology Exposition (Tsukuba'85) was held.
● The basic plan for the INS communications network was established.ld.
● Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation (NTT) was founded.
● The entrance to the telecommunications business was liberalized.
● The terminal facilities were liberalized.
● The "Shoulder Phone" (automobile telephone that can be used out of automobiles) service became available.
● The toll-free dial 0120 service became available.
● Regular-specification D70-type digital switching systems started to be installed.

1986 ● Regular-specification D60-type digital switching systems started to be installed.
● The aviation public radiotelephone service became available.
● The voice mail service became available.
◇ A disastrous accident occurred in a nuclear power plant in Chernobyl, U.S.S.R.

1987 ● The mobile telephone service became available.

1988 ● A communications satellite "Sakura 3a" was launched.
● The INS Net-64 service became available.
○ Transatlantic submarine cables were laid.

1989 ● The INS Net-1500 service became available.
● The information charge collection service ("Dial Q2") became available.
○ Transpacific submarine optical cables were laid.
◇ The Berlin Wall was collapsed.

1990 ● The credit card call "NTT Card C" service became available.
● The INS-P service became available.

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1991 ◇ The Gulf War broke out.
● The world's lightest mobile phone "mova" service became available.
● The "NTT Charter for Global Environment" was established.

1993 ○ The "Information Superhighway Initiative" was proposed in the U.S.A.

1994 ● The Member's Net servi ce became available.
● A field experiment of multimedia communications started, involving numerous users including universities.
● A pilot model business project for the next-generation communications network("Keihanna") became operational.

1995 ◇ The Great Hanshin-Awaji Earthquake struck (causing immense damage on telecommunications equipment).
● The stored program control (SPC) for the switching systems across Japan was completed.
● The "Personal Handyphone System" (PHS) service became available.
● The flat-rate call service during late-night hours "Tele-hodai" became available.
● The communications satellite "N-STARa" was launched.
● The cell relay service became available.

1996 ● The connection of public and private lines was completely liberalized.
● The "Personal Handyphone System" (PHS) service using the new node system(NS8000 series) became available.
● The "Open Computer Network" (OCN) service became available.

1997 ● The ATM Mega Link service became available.
● The Asian Multimedia Forum was founded.
● The "Number Display" and "Number Announce" services became available.
● The digitalization of the domestic communications network was completed.
● The number of people who use the Internet in Japan sharply rose this year.

1998 ● The new optical access system (π system) service became available.
● The voice mail service for disasters became available.
● The multimedia telephone "Telesse" started selling.

1999 ● The multimedia information service "i-mode" using cellular phones became available.
● IC card-operated public telephones started to be installed.
● Nippon Telegram and Telephone Corporation was reorganized.